$\qquad$ Date $\qquad$ Class $\qquad$

## L[Eson Review for Mastery

## Estimating Square Roots

To locate a square root between two integers, refer to the table.

| Number | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Square | 1 | 4 | 9 | 16 | 25 | 36 | 49 | 64 | 81 | 100 |
| Number | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 |
| Square | 121 | 144 | 169 | 196 | 225 | 256 | 289 | 324 | 361 | 400 |

Locate $\sqrt{260}$ between two integers.
260 is between the perfect squares 256 and 289: $256<260<289$
So: $\sqrt{256}<\sqrt{260}<\sqrt{289}$
And: $16<\sqrt{260}<17$

## Use the table to complete the statements.

1. $\qquad$ $<39<$ $\qquad$ 2. $\qquad$ $<130<$ $\qquad$
$\qquad$ $<\sqrt{39}<$ $\qquad$
$\qquad$ $<\sqrt{39}<$ $\qquad$
.
$<\sqrt{130}<$ $\qquad$
$\qquad$ $<\sqrt{130}<$ $\qquad$

After locating a square root between two integers, you can determine which of the two integers the square root is closer to. 27 is between the perfect squares 25 and 36:

$$
25<27<36
$$

So: $\quad \sqrt{25}<\sqrt{27}<\sqrt{36}$
And: $5<\sqrt{27}<6$
The difference between 27 and 25 is 2;
the difference between 36 and 27 is 9 .
So, $\sqrt{27}$, is closer to 5 .

$$
\begin{gathered}
25<27<36 \\
2 \quad 9
\end{gathered}
$$

## Complete the statements.

3. $100<106<121$
4. $\qquad$ $<250<$ $\qquad$
$\qquad$

$$
<\sqrt{106}<
$$

$\qquad$
$\qquad$

$$
<\sqrt{106}<
$$

$\qquad$
$106-100=$ $\qquad$
$121-106=$ $\qquad$
$\sqrt{106}$ is closer to $\qquad$ than $\qquad$
$\qquad$ $<\sqrt{250}<$ $\qquad$

$$
<\sqrt{250}<
$$

$\qquad$
250 - $\qquad$ $=$ $\qquad$
$\qquad$ $-250=$ $\qquad$
$\sqrt{250}$ is closer to $\qquad$ than $\qquad$
$\qquad$ Date $\qquad$ Class $\qquad$
Lesson Homework and Practice

## 4F Finding Square Roots

Each square root is between two integers. Name the integers.

1. $\sqrt{10}$
2. $\sqrt{24}$
3. $\sqrt{51}$
4. $\sqrt{39}$
5. $\sqrt{66}$
6. $\sqrt{30}$
7. $\sqrt{78}$
8. $\sqrt{87}$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

## Use a calculator to find each value. Round to the nearest tenth.

9. $\sqrt{18}$
10. $\sqrt{63}$
11. $\sqrt{19}$
12. $\sqrt{41}$
13. $\sqrt{53}$
14. $\sqrt{98}$
15. $\sqrt{54}$
16. $\sqrt{72}$
17. $\sqrt{83}$
18. $\sqrt{120}$
19. $\sqrt{200}$
20. $\sqrt{489}$
21. The distance a person can see at sea is measured in miles by using the formula $d=\sqrt{\frac{3}{2} h}$, where $h$ is the height in ft above sea level. About how many miles can a person see that is 8 feet above sea level? Round the answer to the nearest tenth of a mile.
22. The length of the hypotenuse of a right triangle is the square root of the sum of the squares of the measures of the other two legs of the triangle. Approximate the length of the hypotenuse of a right triangle if the legs have measures 12 and 15.
23. At an accident scene, a police officer may determine the rate of speed, $r$, in $\mathrm{mi} / \mathrm{h}$, of the car by using the following formula $r=\sqrt{20 \ell}$, where $\ell$ is length of the skid marks. How fast was a car going if the skid marks at the scene are 180 ft long?
$\qquad$
